

$b = 9.5924$ (17) Å
 $c = 9.6359$ (17) Å
 $\alpha = 103.667$ (6)°
 $\beta = 114.701$ (6)°
 $\gamma = 94.460$ (6)°
 $V = 744.7$ (2) Å³

$Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.26$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 123$ (2) K
 $0.29 \times 0.26 \times 0.21$ mm

3-(3-Chloropropyl)-7,8-dimethoxy-1*H*-3-benzazepin-2(3*H*)-one at 125 K

Xiang-Wei Cheng

Zhejiang Police College Experience Center, Zhejiang Police College, Hangzhou 310053, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: zpccxw@126.com

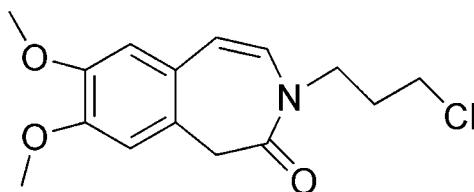
Received 14 April 2008; accepted 21 April 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 123$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.116; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.2.

In the title compound, $C_{15}H_{18}ClNO_3$, the seven-membered ring has a mirror plane passing through the methylene C atom and bisecting the C=C bond. It adopts a bent conformation, intermediate between the boat and chair forms. Both methoxy groups are coplanar with the attached benzene ring [$C-C-O-C = -0.5$ (3) and 2.2 (3)°]. In the crystal structure, inversion-related molecules are linked via C-H···O hydrogen bonds and $\pi-\pi$ interactions involving the benzene ring [centroid–centroid distance = 3.6393 (12) Å].

Related literature

For the synthesis, see: Reiffen *et al.* (1990). For general background, see: Franke *et al.* (1987); Ishihara *et al.* (1994). For a related structure, see: Cheng (2008). For asymmetry parameters, see: Duax *et al.* (1976).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{18}ClNO_3$
 $M_r = 295.75$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 9.3141$ (17) Å

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2002)
 $S = 1.01$
 2574 reflections

7023 measured reflections
2574 independent reflections
2092 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.115$
 $S = 1.01$
 2574 reflections

181 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.21$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$C3-H3\cdots O3^{\dagger}$	0.93	2.56	3.473 (2)	169
Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y + 1, -z$.				

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2002); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The author acknowledges financial support from Zhejiang Police College, China.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI2582).

References

- Bruker (2002). *SADABS, SMART* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Cheng, X.-W. (2008). *Acta Cryst. E64*, o802.
Duax, W. L., Weeks, C. M. & Rohrer, D. C. (1976). *Topics in Stereochemistry*, Vol. 9, edited by E. L. Eliel & N. Allinger, pp. 271–383. New York: John Wiley.
Franke, H., Su, C. A., Schumacher, K. & Seiberling, M. (1987). *Eur. Heart J.* **8**, 91–98.
Ishihara, Y., Tanaka, S. T., Miwatashi, B. S., Fujishimab, A. A. & Gotoa, G. (1994). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 1*, pp. 2293–2298.
Reiffen, M., Eberlein, W., Muller, P., Psiorz, M., Noll, K., Heider, J., Lillie, C., Kobinger, W. & Lugerl, P. (1990). *J. Med. Chem.* **33**, 1496–1504.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A64*, 112–122.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o906 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808011264]

3-(3-Chloropropyl)-7,8-dimethoxy-1*H*-3-benzazepin-2(*3H*)-one at 125 K

X.-W. Cheng

Comment

Benzazepine derivatives have been of considerable medicinal interest, partly because the skeleton is a component of amaryllidaceae alkaloids such as galanthamine as well as of ribasine alkaloids represented by ribasine (Ishihara et al., 1994). Many benzazepine derivatives have been reported to possess interesting biological activities. The title compound is an important intermediate of ivabradine, which was listed in market in 2006 as the representative of a novel pharmacological class termed reducing heart rate without concomitant negative inotropic or hypotensive effects (Franke et al., 1987). Recently, in our previous research, a crystal structure of another important intermediate of ivabradine, 7,8-Dimethoxy-3-(3-chloropropyl)- 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1*H*-3-benzazepin-2-one was reported (Cheng, 2008). Here the crystal structure of the title compound is reported.

In the title molecule (Fig.1), the seven-membered ring adopts a bent conformation, intermediate between the boat and chair forms. The seven-membered ring possesses a mirror symmetry about the plane passing through atom C10 and bisecting the C7—C8 bond. The asymmetry parameter (Duax et al., 1976), $\Delta C_s(C10)$, is 2.9 (2)°. The dihedral angle between the C1-C7/C10/C14/C15/O1/O2 and C8-C11/N1/O3 planes is 59.17 (6)°. The chloropropyl substituent group is in a (-)-synclinal conformation, as evidenced by the torsion angle N1—C11—C12—C13 of -63.4 (3)°, similar to that in a related structure (-68.9 (2)°, Cheng, 2008). The methoxy groups are coplanar with the benzene ring [C14—C1—O1—C6 = -0.5 (3)° and C15—C2—O2—C3 = 2.2 (3)°].

An intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bond is observed in the crystal structure. Also, a π – π interaction involving the benzene ring is observed [centroid to centroid distance = 3.6393 (12) Å].

Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to the literature method (Reiffen et al., 1990). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution at 295 K.

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å) and refined using a riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2\text{--}1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

supplementary materials

Figures

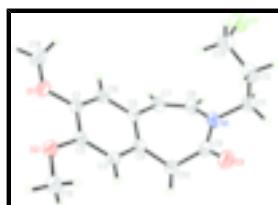


Fig. 1. Molecular structure of the title compound, showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atomic numbering.

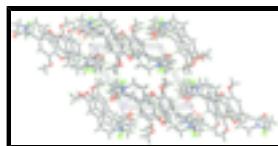


Fig. 2. Crystal packing of the title compound, viewed approximately down the b axis. Dashed lines indicate intermolecular hydrogen bonds.

3-(3-Chloropropyl)-7,8-dimethoxy-1*H*-3-benzazepin-2(3*H*)-one

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{18}ClNO_3$	$Z = 2$
$M_r = 295.75$	$F_{000} = 312$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$D_x = 1.319 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 9.3141 (17) \text{ \AA}$	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$b = 9.5924 (17) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 2574 reflections
$c = 9.6359 (17) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.2\text{--}25.0^\circ$
$\alpha = 103.667 (6)^\circ$	$\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 114.701 (6)^\circ$	$T = 123 (2) \text{ K}$
$\gamma = 94.460 (6)^\circ$	Block, yellow
$V = 744.7 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.29 \times 0.26 \times 0.21 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	2574 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2092 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$
$T = 123(2) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.2^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2002)	$h = -11\text{--}11$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.928$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.947$	$k = -11\text{--}10$
7023 measured reflections	$l = -11\text{--}11$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
---------------------	--

Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.115$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0542P)^2 + 0.2173P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.02$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
2574 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
181 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\text{sigma}(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.40282 (11)	-0.14655 (9)	0.18804 (11)	0.1048 (3)
O1	-0.20936 (16)	0.23306 (15)	0.46481 (17)	0.0598 (4)
O2	-0.31187 (14)	0.39739 (15)	0.28346 (16)	0.0535 (3)
O3	0.15852 (19)	0.32805 (18)	-0.03080 (19)	0.0722 (4)
N1	0.31547 (18)	0.24927 (17)	0.17583 (19)	0.0513 (4)
C2	-0.16173 (19)	0.37032 (18)	0.3119 (2)	0.0422 (4)
C4	0.0877 (2)	0.39343 (19)	0.2909 (2)	0.0445 (4)
C6	0.0472 (2)	0.2518 (2)	0.4511 (2)	0.0476 (4)
H6	0.0858	0.1949	0.5196	0.057*
C1	-0.1044 (2)	0.28198 (19)	0.4125 (2)	0.0447 (4)
C10	0.1945 (2)	0.4592 (2)	0.2308 (3)	0.0557 (5)
H10A	0.2980	0.5093	0.3203	0.067*
H10B	0.1452	0.5306	0.1797	0.067*
C3	-0.0662 (2)	0.42458 (19)	0.2514 (2)	0.0450 (4)
H3	-0.1046	0.4823	0.1839	0.054*
C5	0.1450 (2)	0.30533 (19)	0.3888 (2)	0.0455 (4)
C7	0.3048 (2)	0.2705 (2)	0.4297 (2)	0.0536 (5)
H7	0.3613	0.2625	0.5321	0.064*
C9	0.2193 (2)	0.3412 (2)	0.1127 (3)	0.0540 (5)
C8	0.3789 (2)	0.2489 (2)	0.3359 (2)	0.0556 (5)
H8	0.4831	0.2318	0.3815	0.067*
C11	0.3610 (2)	0.1450 (2)	0.0693 (3)	0.0623 (6)

supplementary materials

H11A	0.4657	0.1257	0.1324	0.075*
H11B	0.3707	0.1894	-0.0078	0.075*
C15	-0.3741 (2)	0.4838 (2)	0.1797 (3)	0.0607 (5)
H15A	-0.4794	0.4958	0.1684	0.091*
H15B	-0.3814	0.4361	0.0768	0.091*
H15C	-0.3037	0.5780	0.2234	0.091*
C14	-0.1591 (3)	0.1435 (3)	0.5654 (4)	0.0892 (8)
H14A	-0.2426	0.1169	0.5934	0.134*
H14B	-0.0630	0.1957	0.6607	0.134*
H14C	-0.1373	0.0566	0.5107	0.134*
C12	0.2402 (3)	0.0012 (3)	-0.0196 (3)	0.0729 (7)
H12A	0.1358	0.0215	-0.0819	0.088*
H12B	0.2723	-0.0581	-0.0940	0.088*
C13	0.2220 (3)	-0.0865 (3)	0.0846 (3)	0.0822 (7)
H13A	0.1351	-0.1710	0.0188	0.099*
H13B	0.1932	-0.0270	0.1618	0.099*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.1226 (6)	0.1022 (6)	0.1229 (7)	0.0475 (5)	0.0735 (5)	0.0491 (5)
O1	0.0562 (8)	0.0706 (9)	0.0752 (10)	0.0200 (7)	0.0406 (7)	0.0384 (8)
O2	0.0394 (7)	0.0670 (8)	0.0629 (8)	0.0175 (6)	0.0249 (6)	0.0286 (7)
O3	0.0810 (10)	0.0901 (11)	0.0677 (10)	0.0291 (9)	0.0454 (9)	0.0361 (9)
N1	0.0452 (8)	0.0567 (9)	0.0566 (10)	0.0119 (7)	0.0297 (8)	0.0114 (7)
C2	0.0367 (9)	0.0438 (9)	0.0426 (10)	0.0078 (7)	0.0173 (8)	0.0078 (8)
C4	0.0442 (9)	0.0422 (9)	0.0490 (10)	0.0096 (7)	0.0248 (8)	0.0092 (8)
C6	0.0506 (10)	0.0504 (10)	0.0446 (10)	0.0176 (8)	0.0214 (8)	0.0164 (8)
C1	0.0455 (9)	0.0452 (10)	0.0460 (10)	0.0091 (8)	0.0240 (8)	0.0112 (8)
C10	0.0543 (11)	0.0504 (11)	0.0753 (14)	0.0134 (9)	0.0394 (10)	0.0208 (10)
C3	0.0485 (10)	0.0426 (9)	0.0468 (10)	0.0129 (8)	0.0232 (8)	0.0141 (8)
C5	0.0428 (9)	0.0477 (10)	0.0449 (10)	0.0115 (8)	0.0221 (8)	0.0067 (8)
C7	0.0459 (10)	0.0654 (12)	0.0476 (11)	0.0191 (9)	0.0196 (9)	0.0135 (9)
C9	0.0480 (10)	0.0581 (12)	0.0679 (14)	0.0088 (9)	0.0358 (10)	0.0216 (10)
C8	0.0384 (9)	0.0649 (12)	0.0582 (12)	0.0154 (9)	0.0199 (9)	0.0111 (9)
C11	0.0614 (12)	0.0692 (13)	0.0696 (14)	0.0187 (10)	0.0442 (11)	0.0145 (11)
C15	0.0469 (11)	0.0752 (14)	0.0683 (13)	0.0253 (10)	0.0250 (10)	0.0335 (11)
C14	0.0905 (18)	0.111 (2)	0.121 (2)	0.0422 (15)	0.0707 (17)	0.0788 (19)
C12	0.0688 (14)	0.0743 (15)	0.0642 (14)	0.0169 (11)	0.0305 (12)	-0.0015 (12)
C13	0.0774 (16)	0.0664 (14)	0.0969 (19)	-0.0032 (12)	0.0500 (15)	-0.0006 (13)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Cl1—C13	1.783 (3)	C3—H3	0.93
O1—C1	1.372 (2)	C5—C7	1.460 (2)
O1—C14	1.405 (3)	C7—C8	1.338 (3)
O2—C2	1.367 (2)	C7—H7	0.93
O2—C15	1.416 (2)	C8—H8	0.93
O3—C9	1.225 (2)	C11—C12	1.515 (3)

N1—C9	1.368 (3)	C11—H11A	0.97
N1—C8	1.404 (3)	C11—H11B	0.97
N1—C11	1.476 (2)	C15—H15A	0.96
C2—C3	1.381 (2)	C15—H15B	0.96
C2—C1	1.403 (2)	C15—H15C	0.96
C4—C5	1.384 (3)	C14—H14A	0.96
C4—C3	1.398 (2)	C14—H14B	0.96
C4—C10	1.510 (3)	C14—H14C	0.96
C6—C1	1.375 (2)	C12—C13	1.504 (4)
C6—C5	1.409 (3)	C12—H12A	0.97
C6—H6	0.93	C12—H12B	0.97
C10—C9	1.510 (3)	C13—H13A	0.97
C10—H10A	0.97	C13—H13B	0.97
C10—H10B	0.97		
C1—O1—C14	117.58 (15)	N1—C9—C10	115.85 (18)
C2—O2—C15	116.59 (14)	C7—C8—N1	126.72 (17)
C9—N1—C8	125.16 (16)	C7—C8—H8	116.6
C9—N1—C11	117.85 (17)	N1—C8—H8	116.6
C8—N1—C11	116.96 (16)	N1—C11—C12	112.93 (16)
O2—C2—C3	124.88 (16)	N1—C11—H11A	109.0
O2—C2—C1	115.42 (15)	C12—C11—H11A	109.0
C3—C2—C1	119.69 (15)	N1—C11—H11B	109.0
C5—C4—C3	120.30 (16)	C12—C11—H11B	109.0
C5—C4—C10	119.48 (15)	H11A—C11—H11B	107.8
C3—C4—C10	120.20 (16)	O2—C15—H15A	109.5
C1—C6—C5	121.25 (17)	O2—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—C6—H6	119.4	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.4	O2—C15—H15C	109.5
O1—C1—C6	125.56 (16)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
O1—C1—C2	114.89 (15)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C6—C1—C2	119.54 (16)	O1—C14—H14A	109.5
C4—C10—C9	110.38 (15)	O1—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C10—H10A	109.6	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C9—C10—H10A	109.6	O1—C14—H14C	109.5
C4—C10—H10B	109.6	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C9—C10—H10B	109.6	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
H10A—C10—H10B	108.1	C13—C12—C11	115.1 (2)
C2—C3—C4	120.54 (16)	C13—C12—H12A	108.5
C2—C3—H3	119.7	C11—C12—H12A	108.5
C4—C3—H3	119.7	C13—C12—H12B	108.5
C4—C5—C6	118.65 (15)	C11—C12—H12B	108.5
C4—C5—C7	120.94 (17)	H12A—C12—H12B	107.5
C6—C5—C7	120.40 (17)	C12—C13—Cl1	111.93 (17)
C8—C7—C5	127.12 (18)	C12—C13—H13A	109.2
C8—C7—H7	116.4	Cl1—C13—H13A	109.2
C5—C7—H7	116.4	C12—C13—H13B	109.2
O3—C9—N1	121.47 (18)	Cl1—C13—H13B	109.2
O3—C9—C10	122.68 (19)	H13A—C13—H13B	107.9

supplementary materials

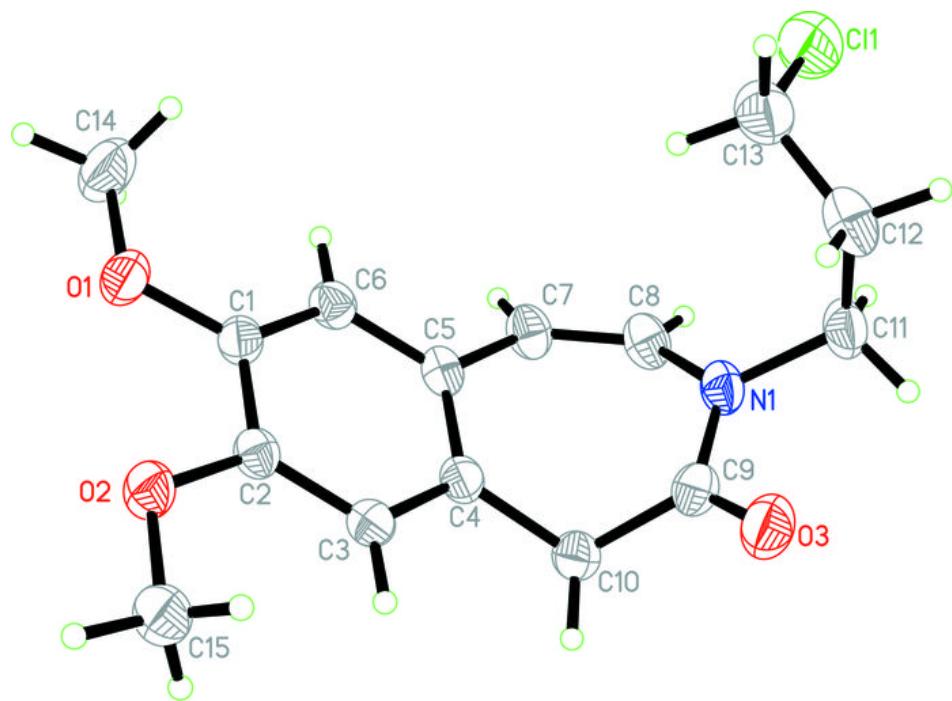
C15—O2—C2—C3	2.2 (3)	C10—C4—C5—C7	-2.4 (3)
C15—O2—C2—C1	-178.74 (16)	C1—C6—C5—C4	1.9 (3)
C14—O1—C1—C6	-0.5 (3)	C1—C6—C5—C7	-179.24 (17)
C14—O1—C1—C2	179.7 (2)	C4—C5—C7—C8	-35.3 (3)
C5—C6—C1—O1	178.90 (16)	C6—C5—C7—C8	145.9 (2)
C5—C6—C1—C2	-1.3 (3)	C8—N1—C9—O3	-174.47 (18)
O2—C2—C1—O1	1.4 (2)	C11—N1—C9—O3	7.6 (3)
C3—C2—C1—O1	-179.52 (15)	C8—N1—C9—C10	5.9 (3)
O2—C2—C1—C6	-178.43 (15)	C11—N1—C9—C10	-172.03 (16)
C3—C2—C1—C6	0.7 (3)	C4—C10—C9—O3	109.0 (2)
C5—C4—C10—C9	68.9 (2)	C4—C10—C9—N1	-71.4 (2)
C3—C4—C10—C9	-112.88 (19)	C5—C7—C8—N1	-2.8 (4)
O2—C2—C3—C4	178.40 (16)	C9—N1—C8—C7	37.8 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.6 (3)	C11—N1—C8—C7	-144.2 (2)
C5—C4—C3—C2	1.2 (3)	C9—N1—C11—C12	-88.5 (2)
C10—C4—C3—C2	-176.99 (16)	C8—N1—C11—C12	93.4 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.8 (3)	N1—C11—C12—C13	-63.4 (3)
C10—C4—C5—C6	176.41 (16)	C11—C12—C13—Cl1	-64.6 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C7	179.33 (16)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\cdots H$	$D—H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—H\cdots A$
C3—H3 ¹ —O3 ¹	0.93	2.56	3.473 (2)	169

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y+1, -z$.

Fig. 1



supplementary materials

Fig. 2

